ENVELOPE COMPONENT APPROACH							(Page 1 of 4) ENV-20				
Project Name:						Ι	Date:	Climate 2	Zone:		
EXTERIOR ROOFING PRODUCT Energy Standards for further description ab	out exterio	or roofs an	nd mandato	ry requiren	ents for Coo	ol Roof	Ś.		. ,		
(Note if the roofing product is not CRRC certified, this compliance approach cannot be used). Go to Overall Envelope Approach or Performance Approach.											
CHECK APPLICABLE BOX BELOW IF EX	EMPT FRO	OM ONE (	OF THE RO	OFING PR	ODUCT MIN	NIMUM	1 PRESCRIP	TIVE REQUI	REMENTS:		
☐ Roofing compliance <u>not</u> required in Clin	nate Zones	1 and 16 v	with a Low-	Sloped. 2:	12 pitch or le	ess.					
☐ Roofing compliance Not Required in Climate Zone 1 with a Steep-Sloped with less than 5 lb/ft². Greater than 2:12 pitch.											
High-rise residential buildings and hote the low-sloped roofing criteria.	ls and moto	els with lo	w-sloped ro	oofs in Clin	nate Zones 1	throug	gh 9, 12 and	16 are exemp	ted from		
Low-sloped Wood framed roofs in Clin of 0.039 or lower. See Opaque Surface	nate Zones	3 and 5 ar	re exempted	l solar rele	ctance and the	nermal	emittance o	r SRI that hav	e a U-factor		
Low-sloped Metal framed roofs in Climate Zones 3 and 5 are exempted solar relectance and thermal emittance or SRI that have a U-factor of 0.048 or lower. See Opaque Surface Details roof assembly below, Column H.											
☐ The roof area covered by building integ and thermal emittance or SRI.					grated solar	therma	l panels are	exempted sol	ar relectance		
☐ Roof constructions with thermal mass o	ver the roo	f membra	ne with a w	eight of at	least 25 lb/ft			the Cool Roo	of criteria.		
CRRC Product ID Number <sup>1</sup>	Roof 3 ≤ 2:12		Product < 5lb/ft <sup>2</sup>	Weight ≥ 5lb/ft <sup>2</sup>	Product Type <sup>2</sup>	Ag Refl	ed Solar ectance <sup>3,4</sup>	Thermal Emittance	SRI <sup>5</sup>		
						$\square^4$					
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1. The CRRC Product ID Number can be o		m the Coo	ol Roof Rati	ng Council	's Rated Pro	duct D	Directory at		•		
www.coolroofs.org/products/search.php 2. Indicate the type of product is being used	_	of ton ie	sinale_nlv	roof asnha	ılt roof meta	l roof	etc				
3. If the Aged Reflectance is not available to								nitial Reflectar	ice value from		
the same directory and use the equation											
4. Check box if the Aged Reflectance is a calculated value using the equation above.											
5. Calculate the SRI value by using the SRI- Worksheet at <a href="http://www.energy.ca.gov/title24/">http://www.energy.ca.gov/title24/</a> and enter the resulting value in the SRI Column above											
and attach acopy of the SRI- Worksheet to the ENV-1C.  To apply Liquid Field Applied Coatings, the coating must be applied across the entire roof surface and meet the dry mil thickness or coverage											
recommended by the coatings manufacturer and meet minimum performance requirements listed in §118(i)4. Select the applicable coating:											
☐ Aluminum-Pigmented Asphalt Roof Co	☐ Cement-Based Roof Coating					□ Other					

## **ENVELOPE COMPONENT APPROACH** (Page 2 of 4) Project Name: **Opaque Surface Details** For the furred portioned of Mass Walls see Furring Strips Construction Table below. H Proposed See Note Standard Values From JA4 Table JA4 Thickness, Framed Continuous Framing Proposed Assembly Assembly Name Spacing, U-JA4 Table Tag/ Material Cavity Insulation Cell Assembly factor4 $ID^1$ and Size<sup>2</sup> or Other3 Number<sup>5</sup> R-value<sup>6</sup> R-Value<sup>7</sup> Value<sup>8</sup> U-factor9 or Type<sup>1</sup>

Note: For furred assemblies use the Mass and Furring Strips Construction Table below. See Page JA4-3 & Page JA4-5 for Equation 4-1 or 4-4.

- 1. For Tag/ID indicate the identification name that matches the building plans.
- 2. Indicate the Assembly Name or type: Roof/Ceiling, Walls, Floors, Slabs, Crawl Space, Doors and etc... Indicate the Frame type and Size: For Wood, Metal, Metal Buildings, Mass, enter 2x4, 2x6, or etc... see JA4 for other possible frame type assemblies.
- 3. Enter the thickness for mass in inches or Spacing between framing members enter; 16" or 24" OC; or Other for all other assembly description such as Concrete Sandwich Panel, Spandrel Panel, Logs, Straw Bale Panel and etc....
- 4. Based on the Climate Zone; enter the Standard U-factor from Table 143-A, B or C for each different assembly Name or type.
- 5. Enter the Table number that closely resembles the proposed assembly.
- 6. Enter the R-value that is being installed in the wall cavity or between the framing; otherwise, enter "0".
- 7. Enter the Continuous Insulation R-value for the proposed assembly; otherwise, enter "0".
- 8. Enter the row and column of the U-factor value based on Column F Table Number and enter the Assembly U-factor in Column J.
- 9. The **Proposed** Assembly U-factor, Column J, must be equal to or less than the **Standard** U-factor in Column E to comply.

Comment

<sup>1.</sup> Indicate the Mass Thickness from Reference Joint Appendix JA.

- 4. Enter the row and column of the U-factor value.
- 5. Enter the Effective R-value listed in the JA4 Table Number.
- 6.The Final Assembly is calculated by using Equation 4-1 or Equation 4-4 of the Reference Joint Appendix JA4. Enter the value in Column L.
- 7. Insert the Final Assembly U-factor value back on to the Opaque Surface Details table in Column J.

<sup>2.</sup>Indicate the Assembly Name or type: Roof/Ceiling, Walls, Floors, Slabs, Crawl Space, Doors and etc...Indicate the Frame type and Size: For Wood, Metal, Metal Buildings, Mass, enter 2x4, 2x6, or etc... see JA4 for other possible frame type assemblies.

<sup>3.</sup> Enter the Table number that closely resembles the proposed assembly.

## ENVELOPE COMPONENT APPROACH **ENV-2C** (Page 3 of 4) Project Name: Climate Zone: WEST WINDOW AREA CALCULATION See §143(a)5A in the Energy Standards or Section 3.2.2 A. Gross West Exterior Wall Area $ft^2 \times 0.40 =$ ft<sup>2</sup> 40% Of Gross West Facing Exterior Wall Area; or $\mathbf{ft}^2$ B. West Display Linear Perimeter $FT \times 6 \text{ ft} =$ West Display Perimeter Area $ft^2$ C. Enter Larger Of A Or B Maximum Standard West Area ft<sup>2</sup> D. Enter Proposed West Window Area Proposed West Window Area Note: If the PROPOSED WEST WINDOW AREA is greater than the MAXIMUM STANDARD WEST AREA then the envelope component approach may not be WINDOW AREA CALCULATION for all other orientations other than West - See §143(a)5A in the Energy Standards or Section 3.2.2 E. Gross Exterior Wall Area $ft^2 \times 0.40 =$ 40% Of Gross Exterior Wall Area or $ft^2$ F. Linear Display Perimeter $FT \times 6 \text{ ft} =$ Display Perimiter Area $ft^2$ G. Enter The Larger Of E or F Maximum Standard Area H. Enter Proposed Window Area $ft^2$ Proposed Window Area Note: If the PROPOSED WINDOW AREA is greater than the MAXIMUM STANDARD AREA then the envelope component approach may not be used. WINDOWS DETAILS §143(a)5B and C NOTE: For all newly installed fenestration; must have either a certified NFRC Label Certificate or use the CEC default tables found in Table 116-A and Table 116B and documented by using CECs Fenestration Certificate (FC-1/FC-2). For site-built fenestration and less than 10,000 $ft^2$ or more than or equal to 10,000 $ft^2$ see options for compliance in the Nonresidential Manual in Section 3.1. С D Е F В K Fenestration<sup>4</sup> Overhang Orientation U-Factor Dimensions of Panes RSHGC<sup>3,4</sup> Window Name SHGC (R)SHGC (R)SHGC Area1 Allowed<sup>1,3</sup> Allowed<sup>3</sup> V (e.g., Window-1) Proposed Proposed H/V Proposed<sup>5</sup> Allowed Total Site-Built Note: Site-built area is the sum of Site-Built Window and Site-Built Skylight Areas. Total Skylight Area Enter Total Skylight Area from Skylight Details, Env-2C Page 4 of 4. Total Area

- 1. Enter the area of each different fenestration product.
- 2. Enter the type of fenestration; M=Manufactured, SB=Site-built, and F=Field Fabricated.
- 3. The allowed U-factor and (R)SHGC values are from Table 143-A, B or C.
- 4. If the Proposed window does not use an overhang then fenestration SHGC is treated the same as RSHG. Do not fill the overhang columns.
- 5. For Relative SHGC; an overhang must extend beyond both sides of the window jamb a distance equal to the overhang projection.
- 6. Use Equation 143-A, Relative Solar Heat Gain to calculate the RSHG for overhangs.
- 7. Multiply the overhang factor (H/V) from RCM Table 3-6 with overhang SHGC, Column M, resulting the overhang RSHG value. Enter value in Max (R)SHGC on ENV-1C, Fenestration Surface, Page 1.

ENVELOPE COMPONENT APPROACH							(P	age 4 of	f <b>4</b> )	(4) ENV-2C			
Project Name:							Date:	Date:			Climate Zone:		
SKYLIGHT AREA CALCULATION See §143(a)6A in the Energy Standards													
		ACTUAL GROSS ROOF AREA						STANDARD ALLOWED SKYLIGHT AREA					
A IF Atrium/Skylight Height is $\leq 5$ or	55 ft;			f	$t^2 \times 0.05$	5 =	ft <sup>r</sup>						
B. IF Atrium/Skylight Height is >	55 ft		fi	$x^2 \times 0.10$	) =	$\mathrm{ft}^2$							
C. Proposed Skylight Area				ft <sup>2</sup>									
D. Skylight % = Proposed Skylight Area <u>Divided</u> by Actual Gr					f Area =	=	%						
If the PROPOSD SKYLIGHT AREA is greater than the STANDARD ALLOWED SKYLIGHT AREA then the Envelope Component Approach may not be used. The skylight percentage determines the appropriate row for the maximum U-factor allowed TO BE USED IN THE Skylight Details. See Table 143-A, B or C.  SKYLIGHTS DETAILS See §143(a)6 in the Energy Standards													
SKYLIGHTS DETAILS See §145(a)0		LIGHT GLA		I			U-FAC	CTOR		SHGC			
A	В	C	D	Е	F	G	Н	I		J	K		
SKYLIGHT NAME (e.g., Sky-1, Sky-2)	Glass With Curb	Glass With No Curb	Plastic	Area <sup>1</sup>	Type <sup>2</sup>	# Of Panes	Proposed	Allowed	l <sup>3</sup> I	Proposed	Allowed <sup>4</sup>		
	<u> </u>												
	屵		<u></u>										
	$\overline{}$												
		Enter above the Total Skylight Area in Window Details ENV-2C Page 3 of 4											
1. Enter the area of each different skylight product. 2. Enter the type of skylight; M=Manufactured, SB=Site-built, and F=Fabricated. 3. The Allowed U-factor and SHGC values are from table 143-A, B or C. Use Row D Skylight % (from above) to select the allowed SHGC. 4. If the Proposed window does not use an overhang then fenestration SHGC is treated the same as RSHG.													
RELOCATABLE PUBLIC SCHO	OL BU	ILDINGS	- See §14	13(a)8 in	the Energ	gy Stand	lards						
Option 1													
For Specific Climate Zone, use Table 143-A - Prescriptive				Specific Climate Zone Metal Identification Label – Place two labels on each relocatable school building and indicate on the building plans.									
				Indicate location on the building plans:									
Option 2			I_										
For Any (All) Climate Zone, use Table 143-C - Prescriptive Envelope Criteria.				Any (All) Climate Zone Metal Identification Label - Place two labels on each relocatable school building and indicate on the building plans.									
				Indicate location on the building plans:									